The M'Kean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. $1.50 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

BYRON D. HAMLIN & SON,
Law & Land Office.
AGENCY OF THE
KEATING LANDS.
Situated in the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.
Smethport, Pa.

BACKUS & MILLIKEN,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.
OFFICE—Up-stairs in Sartwell Block, on Main Street. JOHN C. BACKUS.
W. J. MILLIKEN.

P. FORD,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Will give his attention to all matters pertaining to his profession.
OFFICE—FORD BUILDING,
Church Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

R. H. ROSE,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

S. W. SMITH,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

P. R. COTTER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
All business intrusted to his care will receive immediate attention. Particular attention to collections.

PHYSICIANS.

FREEMAN & BROWN,
PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in their profession.

H. L. McCOY,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend to all calls in his profession.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,
Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,
15 Fraley Street, KANE, PA
Prompt attention given to all professional calls.

E. A. VanScoy,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession.
OFFICE AT THE BRADFORD HOUSE.

F. W. HOGARTH,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will attend to all calls in his profession.
OFFICE IN HOE STORE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.
ROBT. H. ROSE
is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, as my business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is in the
Prothonotary's Office in the Court House.
ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.
Williamsport, Dec. 24, 1873.

W. S. BROWNELL,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
MOTTO—Quick Sales, Small Profits.
Store Opposite Baptist Church,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Patronage is respectfully solicited.

SARTWELL BROTHERS'
BILLIARD SALOON
AND
RESTAURANT,
Sartwell Block.
Second Floor, SMETHPORT, PA
C. W. SARTWELL. S. B. SARTWELL.

E. R. SHATTUCK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Olean, N. Y.
Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.
Small or large quantities carefully boxed and shipped.

W. T. CALLAR,
DEALER IN
DRUGS,
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS. C. M. JAMES
DAVIS & JAMES,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed,
Clothing, Notions,
Hardware and General Merchandise,
KANE, PA.

W. B. SIRRETT & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FINE HATS, CAPS,
FURS, ROBES, Etc.
Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
The largest dealers in this class of goods in Western New York.

BONNEY'S
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Terrace, Near Main Street,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.

P. L. STONE, Clerk, (late Proprietor of the Olean House.)

OLEAN HOUSE,
GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Proprietor,
Union Street, Connected to Depot. } OLEAN, N. Y.

SARTWELL HOUSE,
Port Allegany, Pa.
S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.
The above house has been recently rebuilt, refurnished and refitted in the latest style for the convenience of guests.

CABINET SHOP,
Mechanic Street, Smethport,
WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.
FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,
Of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

ALFRED STURDEVENT,
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and Vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his New Quarters,
Over the Post-Office.
He is prepared to do
Shaving and Hair Dressing,
In the Richest style and at the lowest price. A select assortment of
CIGARS, COLLARS, CUFFS,
And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

PAINTING & GRAINING!
The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable rates.
Graining by a New and Cheap Process.
I make a Specialty of GRAINING, by a new process, by which I can do it at expense of less than half the time and money it would cost by the old way.
CARL HAHN

The Paradise of Tears.

Beside the river of tears, with branches low,
And bitter leaves, the weeping willows grow:
The branches stream like the disheveled hair
Of women in the sadness of despair.

On rolls the stream with a perpetual sigh;
The rocks moan wildly as it passes by;
Hyssop and wormwood border all the strand,
And not a flower adorns the dreary land.

Then comes a child, whose face is like the sun,
And dips the gloomy waters as they run,
And waters all the region, and behold,
The ground is bright with blossoms manifold.
Where fall the tears of love the rose appears,
And where the ground is bright with friendship's tears
Forget-me-nots and violets, heavenly blue,
Spring, glittering with the cheerful drops like dew.

The souls of mourners, all whose tears are dried,
Like swans, come gently floating down the tide,
Walk up the golden sands, by which it flows,
And in that paradise of tears repose.

There every heart rejoins its kindred heart;
There, in a long embrace that none may part,
Fulfillment meets desire; and that fair shore
Beholds its dwellers happy evermore.

The Old Gray Goblin.

As Walter was traveling gayly along, with nothing but hope and a sixpence in his pocket, he came on a gray old goblin trying to make a fire; but every time he tried the fire went out, because he did not lay the sticks close enough together.

"See here," said Walter, "that is not the way—let me show you." And, laying the wood together, he had a fine roaring fire in no time.

"Good!" said the goblin. "Now go and fetch me some water from the brook, for my legs are old and stiff, while you are young enough to dance all day."

So Walter, who had a good mother who had always taught him that it was the duty of young people to be polite and respectful to old people, went down to a brook close by and brought some water with such a pleasant, smiling face that the goblin was pleased, and said to him: "I see you are a fine fellow, and that you will one day make your way in the world. Stay with me to-night, and I will give you the best supper that you ever tasted in your life."

Walter was willing enough to do that, as he had only a sixpence in his pocket. Then the goblin brought out one egg, and breaking it in a quart of water, put it over the fire in a silver bowl, turned it about three times, and lo! there was a great platter filled with something that looked as white as snow and as soft as foam, and tasted like strawberries and cream. Walter and the goblin ate heartily, and Walter thought he had never eaten anything so good in his life. After that they both went to bed on the grass; but when Walter woke up in the morning the goblin was gone; a little of last night's supper stood near him, however, and making a hearty breakfast on this, he trudged on cheerfully till he came to a magnificent city, with walls of marble and towers of gold, which was in such a tumult that every one seemed distracted. Walter asked what was the matter.

"You must be just come to town, young man," said the people. "We have the best king in the world, and he has been poisoned by a wicked enchantress, who hated him because he was good; and the wise men say there is nothing can cure him except a dish made out of an egg and a quart of brook water, which shall be as white as snow, as soft as foam, and taste like strawberries and cream; and we are all in despair, because every one here has tried, and there is no one who can make anything of the sort."

"Yes, but I can," said Walter. "I made my supper and breakfast on that very same dish."

So the people took him to the palace, and the Lord High Fiddlestick came out and said: "What are you shouting about the gates for, when the king is dying?"

But all the people answered: "We have found the young man who says that he can make the dish that can cure the king, and that he had his breakfast on it this morning."

At that they took Walter to the royal kitchens and put on him a tall cap and a white apron, and bade him go to work as fast as possible. Then Walter ordered everybody to leave the kitchen, and getting a silver bowl, broke an egg into it, poured on a quart of brook water, and setting it on the fire, turned it about three times; but how was he dismayed on seeing there nothing but water, with the yolk and white of an egg swimming about in it. He thought then that something was the matter with the fire, and poked and stirred it, and brought kindling wood and put on the covers and took off the covers, and then he fancied that the egg was not fresh enough, and tried another and another; until he had used a dozen. By this time the king's people were getting impatient, and came knocking and pounding at the door, crying out: "Is the dish ready yet? The king is getting worse, and if you don't save him we will cut your head off; so make haste."

"Yes, yes," said Walter; "presently"—but his heart would have gone down into his shoes if it could have gotten there, for he began to be afraid that he could not make the wonderful dish, after all. He took another egg, and another bowl, and another quart of brook water, and tried again; but it was all the same.

"Ho! ho! ho!" tittered somebody near him; and looking up, there was the old gray goblin hanging in the chimney by his heels, and watching all his proceedings.

"You can't make it," said the goblin, "unless you have my silver bowl"—pulling it out of his pocket as he spoke.

"Is that it?" said Walter; "hand it here then, quick. The king is dying, and unless I save him they will cut off my head."

"Oh," said the goblin, "fair and softly if you please; what will you give me if I lend you my bowl?"

"I have nothing to give," answered Walter, "but the sixpence here in my pocket."

"Well," said the goblin, "in that case promise me that when you become a prince you will receive me, no matter how I come, as if I were your father, and that you will do the first thing that I ask you to do, no matter how much you may dislike what I say."

"I shall be a prince," said Walter, laughing, "when cake grow out of cucumber seeds: but I am willing enough to promise what you ask, and to do it, too."

At that the goblin tossed Walter the bowl, and turned a somersault up the chimney; and lo! the bowl was brimming over with something as white as snow, soft as foam, and that tasted like strawberries and cream. Away ran Walter pell-mell up the stairs and burst into the king's room with the bowl in his hand. The king's eyes were closed; but the moment the wonderful substance touched his lips he sat up, and by the time he had eaten the contents of the bowl he could walk about as well as ever. On being so wonderfully restored to life, the king kissed Walter, and said that he should be his son. So Walter was everywhere proclaimed as a prince, and all the people were pleased, because he had a kind heart and a pleasant word for them all. But Walter quite forgot his promise to the goblin.

At last there came to court the most beautiful princess that ever was seen; and Walter fell in love with her, and entertained her in a magnificent manner every day, till one day, just as they were standing up to dance before the whole court, there came in an old man, very ragged and dirty, with a great peddler's pack on his back, at whom Walter had not looked twice before he saw that it was the old gray goblin. Instantly he remembered his promise to receive him as a father, and began to be very much ashamed at the notion of presenting such an old beggar as his father to the king and all his splendid court, but Walter's mother had taught him never to break his word, and always to do what he thought was right, no matter how disagreeable. Accordingly he dropped the princess' beautiful white hand, and going up to the dusty, dirty old goblin, kissed and embraced him, brought him a golden chair to sit on, and taking the pack from his back, carried it away himself, and laid it in a corner.

The courtiers stared, and nudged each other.

"Who is this wretched old beggar, Prince Walter?" asked the beautiful princess, tossing her head scornfully.

"You must come with me now," said the goblin to Walter, taking no notice of what was said around him. "I have need of you."

"But, my father," said Walter, "I was just about to dance with this princess, and she will be offended to be left standing on the floor. Let me first dance with her, and then I will go with you."

"No," said the goblin, "you are bound by your promise to do the first thing that I should ask of you. Go and excuse yourself to the lady and come with me."

Then Walter went up to the princess, and looking sorrowfully at her said, low: "Dear madam, do not be angry with me. I have promised to go with this old man, but I will return as soon as possible."

"But do you imagine," returned the princess, angrily, "that I will see a beggar preferred to me? If you go with that man never speak to me again."

"Alas!" said Walter, "I must go, for I have promised."

"No," said the princess, "you shall not go, unless you wish never to see me again. I will not stay here an instant longer if you go with that man."

"Come," cried the goblin, "I have waited long enough."

Walter, who never dreamed of breaking his word, turned about and left the princess standing on the floor; but at that she set up a dreadful cry, and spreading out two great wings, sailed out of the window and away over the plains towards the sea, flapping her wings, and screaming dismally as she went.

Then said the goblin: "My son, that was the wicked enchantress who so nearly destroyed the king, and who now intended to destroy you in like manner. Had you listened to her instead of remembering your promise, she would instantly have devoured you; but now you are safe, as the time of her power is past."

With that the goblin tucked himself up in a ball and rolled out of the door so fast that nobody could follow him; but Walter came to the throne after the king's death, and was long known as good King Walter.

Held a Regiment at Bay.

The Bowling Green (Ky.) *Pantagraph* has the following: Mr. William B. Winans has in his possession a remarkable gun, and one that has an unwritten and partisan unknown history more remarkable than the weapon itself. As to where it was made, or by what train of circumstances its death-dealing crack became a sound of terror along the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers during the earliest years of the late war, we shall not pretend to say. The very sound of the gun became known and familiar, and an ominous one along infantry skirmish lines, and among the sharpshooters. Near the time of the battle of Shiloh some infantry had been employed in skirmish or reconnoitering duty in the deep-tangled woods. Crack, bang, boom roared at intervals the old gun in the distance, at every discharge laying a soldier stiff and stark in death with unerring accuracy. Shift their positions as they might, the gun would bang away, and with a hiss and a thud there would be one soldier less. The direction of the firing was ascertained, and the entire regiment or party was ordered to charge toward it without knowing where or what it was. On they went, losing a man at every few paces. Nothing was accomplished, and the party returned, leaving the murderous gun cracking away as they retreated. Shortly afterward the old firelock was heard again with her murderous music. It was resolved at all hazards to find and capture the infernal machine. After persistent efforts a tall, raw-boned, grizzle bearded, large-sized Texas ranger was discovered in the foliage of a tall tree, from among the branches of which he was picking off his foes as well as he had picked off hundreds before. Brought to bay, he continued to load and shoot with deadly aim till brought down, and the famous gun was captured. It is a gun of immense caliber, being near eight feet long, with a smooth bore, single barrel, large enough to admit a small-sized walnut.

Canadian Postal Statistics.

The report by the postmaster-general for Canada of the post-office transactions for the year 1874 has just been issued. The number of post-offices on the first of January, 1875, was 4,706, of which 2,943 were in Ontario and Quebec, 683 in New Brunswick, 868 in Nova Scotia, thirty-six in Manitoba, forty-seven in British Columbia, and 179 in Prince Edward island. The number of miles of postal route for the year was 38,087, and number of miles traveled over 13,920,180. The number of letters and postal cards carried was 39,358,500; newspapers, 29,000,000; registered letters, 1,562,900; free letters, 1,432,900; and parcels, 102,800. The revenue was $1,476,207, and the expenditure $1,695,480. The number of money-order offices was 705, and the orders issued covered an amount of $6,815,329. Post-office saving banks are established in Ontario and Quebec. The number of such on the thirtieth of June, 1874, was 266; the number of depositors, 24,968, and the amount at the credit of depositors, $3,204,965. Since 1870 the number of post-offices has increased twenty-five and one-half per cent. During the same period the letters and postal cards transmitted have increased sixty per cent. The revenue has increased during these five years forty-six per cent. The correspondence with the United States shows a marked increase, the amount of postage collected on it during the year having been $478,516.

A Novel Suit.

The Sandy Creek (N. Y.) *News* reports the following interesting case: A novel suit between two farmers came off not a thousand miles from here a short time since. It appears that one of the farmers sold forty turkeys to the other at a certain price per pound alive. It was stipulated that the seller should keep the turkeys until the buyer called for them the next day, and in the morning they were not to be fed. According to contract the latter called for the turkeys, weighed, took them home, and dressed them, when lo! twenty-two pounds of corn were taken from the crops. Buyer was wrathy, and deducted the above number of pounds from the weight of the turkeys, and refused to pay more. Seller, in turn, became mad and sued for the corn. The case was tried and decided in favor of the latter, each paying his own costs, which amounted to $12 for the plaintiff and $8 for the defendant.

Not Forgotten.

Henry Wilson was singularly remembered by the people of his native place, Farmington, N. H. While the bells tolled, the villagers on foot followed a bowlder of ten tons' weight, dragged by ten oxen, for nearly two miles to the acre lot on which stands the house in which Wilson was born, and there deposited the rough bowlder as a monument. The acre was part of the farm of Colbath, Wilson's father, but was sold years ago to a wealthy manufacturer, who gave it to Henry Wilson.

A Detroit newspaper, to which a Detroit merchant undoubtedly contributes, states that the Michigan farmers owe the Michigan merchants $5,000,000.

Running About Loose.

Joaquin Miller has revealed some incidents in his ante-famous life to a correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*. The poet does not know where he was born, but believes that it was in Cincinnati, in 1841. His father was impecunious and wandering, and in a fit condition to take the gold fever in 1849. The family went together to California, and thence to Oregon, where the father was killed by Modocs, who at the same time took Joaquin prisoner. "They were then a grand people," Miller says. "They really loved me, and somehow I loved the redskins in return. Well, I was with them nearly five years, I reckon, and learned their language better than I know the English to-day. Then came the Modoc war—the first one—there wasn't any spoon-making about that war. It was scalps and an incessant fight! I could have left them, if I had liked; but they were grand rascals, and I fought with them! They were going to make me a chief or something. They were whipped in '58, I think, and I would have been hung, if caught." He escaped in a canoe, reached San Francisco, and soon afterward joined Walker's exploring expedition to Nicaragua. After that exploit, he studied law in Oregon, and was admitted to practice. In 1861 he went gold hunting in Idaho. "I named the territory," he says; "it is an Indian word—from the language of the North Snohomes—and it means the 'Gem of the Mountains.' When the government ordered the organization of the Territory in '62, the name clung to it. 'Idaho' it was, is, and will stand." He made $10,000, and lost it in a newspaper enterprise, was elected district judge, and got married. After this last occurrence, he "didn't have a pleasant moment for years."

Some Fashion Notes.

A simple way to make an opera cloak is as follows: The material may be white, sky blue, pale cream, or black cashemire. The garment may be cut as an ordinary circular cloak, or as a pelisse, with large square sleeves, very much like the dolman. The trimming may be either black, gold, or white and gold galloon. Some of these gold galloons come in four different widths, and they serve admirably for this purpose when tastefully arranged around the garment. Sometimes there is only one broad band of galloon employed. The use of galloon for opera cloaks dispenses with all the labor formerly bestowed upon embroidery.

A beautiful mantle for evening may be made of Spanish lace. The old-fashioned veils are most useful for this purpose. This mantle falls over the right, and is raised over the left arm. Black lace is sometimes a little trying in the evening, but with some flowers, when worn over a low necked dress, this objection to its use is removed. Such a mantle as we refer to is very beautiful when made of white lace.

An elegant ball dress may be made of flesh-colored faille. The front of the skirt is trimmed with gauze plaitings surmounted by a puffing and two headings; above is a similar trimming. The apron is formed of a large gauze puffing with sprays of flowers on either side. The long silk gauze tunic falls over the train, and is trimmed with two deep blonde flounces, surmounted by a puffing with a small heading. The basque waist is cut low in the neck in a point. A gauze fichu is fastened over the breast with long ends falling gracefully down the sides and fastened toward the back under bunches of flowers. Down the back of the tunic fall sprays of flowers, and on the front of the waist and left shoulder are small bunches of the same.

"Well!"

You have never really seen a picture of despair and utter misery, and sore distress and amazement, unless you have seen a man, standing in the presence of the wife of his bosom and of the other members of his family, and reaching into his pocket to hand her a letter that he had got out of the post-office for her, bring out of the recesses of that inside pocket a crumpled, creased envelope, once white but now looking as though it had associated with cigars for many a long day, the very identical letter which she had written to her mother or dear, dear friend six weeks ago and given her perfidious husband to mail; the very letter he had sworn a thousand times he had mailed, and even told a little joke that the postmaster got off about it, in order to prove that he had handed it to the government in person. And there it is in the unhappy husband's guilty hand, and his wife's eyes start from their spheres as she gazes upon the well-remembered although cigar-stained address. She does not get up and kick over the piano stool, and drown the trembling catiff in a torrent of talk. She only looks at the letter and then at the man, and says: "Well!" And that man would rather be scolded at for a straight month than have that "well" dropped on him. It crushes him like a pile-driver.

To irritate a woman whose mind is of the strong sort, read to her that if she were in Japan her three principal duties would be: 1. Obedience to parents when a child. 2. Obedience to her husband when a wife. 3. Obedience to her eldest son when a widow.

A WONDERFUL CURIOSITY.

A Man in Tennessee who has Never Stopped Growing.

James Horner is a citizen of Perry county, Tenn., one of a family of eight children, none of whom had exhibited any unusual traits. At eighteen years he was a well-grown man, six feet high, and weighed one hundred and eighty pounds. At twenty-one he was six inches taller, and weighed two hundred and ten pounds. He ceased to notice any growth after that, until he was twenty-four years old, and then only by the smallness of his clothes, and he then measured in his stockings six feet nine inches. From then on for seven thirty-one years of age—he has attained the height of seven feet nine inches, and is still growing, this being an increase of about two inches annually. Some years ago he grew more and some less, but this is his average.

A correspondent who visited this giant says: After greeting, the object of our visit was stated, and the giant seemed rather flattered that we had come to visit him. He was evidently good-natured, and was, I afterward learned, quite a favorite in the neighborhood. He showed us a place on the wall where his various measurements had been marked with chalk, and the date of each measure was opposite, rudely but plainly marked. The first and lowest was when at eighteen years of age it was six feet, and then at twenty-one it was as before stated. The marks were from a half inch to an inch apart, the last having been taken about two months previous. At my request he stood up, and I accurately measured him, and found within the two months past he had increased his height just one half inch, which I noted on the wall in pencil, with the date July 24, 1875. He rolled up his pantaloons, and his shanks were simply immense, and his knee joints were extremely large and bulging. I took a careful measurement of his various lengths. His head to top of shoulders, was eight inches; from shoulders to the hip joint, two feet three inches; thence to center of knees, two feet two and one-half inches; thence to the floor, two feet and eight inches, making the enormous aggregate o seven feet nine and one-half inches. From the shoulders to the tip of his fingers, was four feet six inches! What a magnificent specimen of humanity he would have been had he been proportionally large. But truth compels me to a different version. In fact he was as if made of India rubber, stretched out to a huge length. He ought to have weighed at least 300 pounds, but he weighed only 233 pounds. In consequence of this want of conformity he was excessively awkward, lank and gawky. Only one quality did he possess in a large degree, and that was his ability to walk. He could stoop forward at a heavy angle and start off in his awkward, shuffling gait, that rivaled any horse. He thought nothing of walking to Linden, twelve miles, and back to dinner.

He is, as before stated, thirty-one years and a few months old, and is growing. He has never been out of Perry county. I suggested the idea of an exhibition to him, but he seemed averse to publicity.

A Man Boiled to Death.

At an early hour in the morning the fireman in a brewery in Jersey City, N. J., built a large fire under one of the large tanks which is used for boiling water. A short time afterward he returned to the tank—having been attending to some other duty in the meantime—and was surprised at hearing a splash of water as if some heavy body had fallen into it. Then he heard a groan as of a human being in agony. He immediately turned the faucet to draw off the water and hastily raked out the fire. Some of the men of the brewery then mounted the ladder by which access to the tank is gained, and looking over the edge saw a man lying at the bottom. Ropes were promptly procured and the man was hoisted out, but it was found that life was extinct. His features were so much disfigured that it was next to impossible to recognize him, but from his clothing he is supposed to be a man named Muell, a painter, who resided in Washington village, and who was in the habit of visiting the brewery occasionally. How he got into the tank is a mystery, unless, as some of the workmen suppose, he climbed to the top to look in for the purpose of gratifying his curiosity. That he made desperate attempts to get out is evident from the fact of the fireman hearing the splash in the water. The tank is nearly ten feet high, and perfectly smooth on the inside. The county physician examined the body and expressed the opinion that the man was steamed to death.

The Tramp.

"Madam," he said, "you see before you a blighted fellow creature! I ain't a tramp; marm, I ain't! I have had my little store of wealth laid away for those rainy days; but ah! marm, a relative and speculation brought me to this sad state in which you see me! I was long on Erie railroad stock, marm, and—oh! Wood! Me saw that wood! Madam, I feel you cannot realize my situation! Good morning!"

We are never more than half as miserable as we think we are.

The M'Kean Miner.

M. F. Barbour - - Editor.

THURSDAY, DEC. 23, 1875.

Fair Play.

For conspicuous unfairness commend us to the average Democratic editor or partisan politician. While the mass of the people are thanking President Grant for his unflinching severity in pushing the prosecution of those implicated in the whiskey frauds your small potato democrat ic editor and politician, who has not the manhood to "give honor to whom honor is due," because of opposite political belief, stands back and sulks and snarls and finds fault. The removal of Henderson is eagerly caught up by these chronic fault-finders as an occasion for the most ... attack of President Grant. ... Henderson was appointed by the ... ment as one of the government counsel in the prosecution of these cases. He was appointed because of his legal reputation, and regardless of the fact of his known strong personal enmity toward the President. At the first opportunity he took ... to ... advantage of his position to air his personal enmity by an unwarranted, uncalled for and unjustifiable onslaught upon the President. Henderson asserted that a long time ago Commissioner Douglass ordered the transfer of McDonald and Joyce, because of suspected revenue frauds, and that through the influence of ... Babcock the President countermanded the order. This effort ... the President is completely ... the statement of ... Revenue Supervisor T... Mr. Tutton was appointed to take McDonald's place. But ... thought it would be bad policy to make the change or any open move that would indicate the suspicions of the government and warn the distillers and officials to cover their tracks. He urged the policy, therefore, of leaving everything apparently quiet, and sending secret agents to work up evidence against all guilty persons. President Grant and Secretary Bristow saw the advantage of this policy and approved it, and revoked the order for the transfer. Who can say that the result has not fully justified their decision? The senseless attempt of Henderson to bring Grant in complicity with the Whisky Ring was therefore an offense deserving of rebuke. He had proven himself a dishonorable counsellor, and as such the government had no farther use for his services. The fact that Col. Broadhead, one of the ablest lawyers of the west—and a democrat—was appointed in his place should certainly relieve the President of any suspicions of unfair dealing. It surely seems that we are expecting too much to look for fair play or fair dealing from the democratic press.

In this connection we may refer, in a word, to what we assume to have been intended as an editorial in our local coteporary over the hill—the *Reporter*—in its issue of last week. The editor, with his usual sagacity, makes a blundering attempt at an imputation of the purity of the President's motives because ... has been indicted and is now held for trial. No fairminded ... man, whatever may be his feelings toward the administration, can doubt that the President has faithfully adhered to his purpose to "let no guilty man escape", and will continue to adhere to it. If Gen. Babcock is proven guilty he certainly will not escape, and the worst that can be ... in connection with him ... he trusted a man who was not worthy of his confidence.

The "third-term spectre" does not greatly alarm Congress. The third-term resolution (by implication only) introduced by Mr. Page, of Colorado, was received with good natured laughter on all sides. All the ... fright on the subject may all be traced to two or three nervous newspaper editors, to whom spooks of one sort and another are not strangers.

Only seven killed—seven "niggers." That is the latest account from Rolling Fork, Miss. A riot is said to have occurred between the whites and blacks, all the latter who were able to run after the massacre fled to the woods in fright. This is one of the first and inevitable results of the late Democratic victory in that State. It was a riot, of course, and the negroes were to blame; but somehow none of the whites who were wounded were injured. Seven dead "niggers"—the Leaguers unscathed are still in line.

It has for years been the only policy of the Democratic press to paint in the blackest colors every southern republican, and the republican press and people have been too ready to believe democratic slanders about their own leaders. In the case of Senator Dorsey, of Arkansas, for instance. It was charged against him that he procured his election by corrupt means, and so persistently has he been villified by the democratic press, with the silent consent of the republican press, that the people have generally concluded that he was the true type of a "corruptionist" and "carpet-bagger." But one year ago last November, when the democrats got control of Arkansas, the first thing they did was to appoint a committee to investigate the circumstances of Mr. Dorsey's alleged fraudulent election. There was but one republican on the committee of five, and they went to work with the best will in the world to kill off the accused and prevent his admission to the Senate. They took a whole year for the task. They examined scores of witnesses and sifted a mass of testimony with great care. On the 8th of this month the committee reported that *they couldn't find a particle of evidence to support the charges* made against Senator Dorsey, and gave up the case with as good grace as possible. This is a perfect vindication, without a particle of whitewash about it, and if Senator Dorsey's slanderers—the democratic press—were possessed of a particle of honor or decency, they would give him the full benefit of it. But we don't expect they will.

Here is an interesting fact, and true every word of it: The credit-mobilier and back-pay scandals killed nearly every *republican* who was either implicated or even charged in connection therewith; while not a democrat so far as we can recall, stood any the worse with his constituents for participation in these grabs.

The Chicago *Times* thus speaks of a prominent feature of the Confederate programme as indicated by scores of bills already introduced by southern democrats:

Nearly every southern statesman was loaded to the muzzle with bills for claims set up by ex rebels for injuries sustained in consequence of the putting down of the pro slavery rebellion. Pay for meals furnished national soldiers; pay for oats consumed by national cavalry; pay for chickens confiscated by Sherman's bummers; pay for rails consumed in national camp fires; pay for every describable kind of property (niggers for the time being excepted) used or alleged to be used by the national troops engaged in putting down the rebellion, was demanded in a cloud of bills from every quarter of Jeff Davis' patriotic and virtuous domains. The influx of this large and miscellaneous grist of rebel war-claims on the first call of the states serves both as a frightful warning of what is to come, and as a sweet intimation of the southern idea of the way in which the Confederate party is to undo the political mischief wrought by their opponents, and restore to the country, prosperity, happiness and peace!

One element of civil service reform is insisted upon by Postmaster-General Jewell, which will commend itself to all right thinking men. In his last report he says: "I have made and shall continue to make *sobriety* an indispensable requisite in every person within my control in all branches of the service."

The Brooklyn *Argus* is a very unreliable and sensational paper, as the following attests:

There is a rumor afloat that the democratic majority in the house of representatives are threatened with an attack of statesmanship. It can be traced to no reliable source, and is generally discredited.

A Showing of Hands.
[From the Buffalo Express.]

The proceedings in congress during the week, though enlivened by little or no debating of importance, have nevertheless been of a most significant and important character. The scores of bills already introduced in both branches of Congress, and still more the manner in which the two parties have met a number of general resolutions drawn up for no other purpose than to compel each side to show its colors, enable the country to get a fair idea of the temper, tone and tendency of the majority and minority parties in each House. Resolutions declaring the sentiments of the members on certain subjects of general interest have been introduced by both Republicans and Democrats, and we will briefly summarize them and note the results of the tests thus offered.

Mr. Fort (rep.) first tested the sense of the House on the subject of giving wounded union soldiers the preference in the selection of subordinate officers employed about the Capitol and compelled the Democrats to put themselves on record as in favor of not giving preference to the boys in blue. This fact, together with the practical exhibition of the drift of sympathy on the Democratic side shown by replacing Union soldiers with ex-Confederates to a very large extent, shows the strong Confederates bias of the majority.

Mr. Hale (rep.) next called upon the House to come up and commit themselves openly either for or against resumption of specie payments. His resolutions declared that whereas the country needed a fixed financial policy, it is the judgment of the House that prompt legislative measures should be taken to render the resumption act of January 14, 1875, effective by placing in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury whatever powers may be necessary to that end. Certainly hard-money men, without regard to their special views on the mode of resumption, could subscribe heartily to that simple declaration, but to judge by what followed, hard-money men are not plenty on the Democratic side. Nothing could exceed the consternation which these resolutions caused among the democratic members. Jones (dem.), of Kentucky, hastily demanded that they be laid on the table—a plain shirking of the issue. Mr. Hale, as willing to make up the record in that fashion as any other, promptly called for the ayes and noes on that motion. Fernando Wood tried to rescue his party from the dilemma by sending the resolutions to a committee, a motion, as indicating dreadful democratic squirming, which was greeted by much unfeeling laughter on the republican side. Finally, Mr. Hale pressing for a vote, Mr. Jones backed down and withdrew his motion. The democrats *refused* to vote on the resolutions, and referred them to the committee on banking and currency, where they will be duly smothered. Thus the democratic party publicly confessed that it dared not stand a test vote showing how many of its members are really in favor of digging up the rag-baby. This tells the whole story. The republicans are, by a large majority, heartily *for* specie payments, and court a count. The democrats are most of them inflationists, but dare not avow their opinions. Their votes evidently cannot be counted on to support and hard-money measures. What does the *World* think of its hard money (?) representatives in the House?

The third republican test, which all republicans will heartily endorse, is Senator Morton's declaration asserting the *nationality* of the Union and condemning the old theory of state rights. The vote has not been taken on this yet, but there is little doubt that the democrats will either shirk it or vote against it.

On the other side, Mr. Holman (dem.) called upon the House to express its opinion of the advisability of granting subsidies this winter not absolutely necessary, and by a vote of 293 to 33 the house voted squarely against subsidies—a most satisfactory showing. The republicans, with two or three exceptions, voted on the right side. The next test was the resolution of Mr. Springer (dem.), of Illinois, committing the House for or against the third-term principle. The republicans met this, as they did every issue, fairly and squarely—all but eighteen of them putting themselves frankly on record as opposed to the re-election of a president after his second term.

The republicans have thus declared openly their honest principles. They prefer Union soldiers to ex-Confederates; they favor hard money and demand the passage of measures to aid speedy resumption; they oppose the states' rights heresy; they oppose all subsidies; and they are not in favor of a third term. The democrats prefer ex-Confederates in distributing patronage; they prefer ragmoney, and by *eight different* anti-resumption bills already introduced on their side show that, as a party, they do affirmatively mean to inflate and send the country up in a balloon.

All we ask of the democrats in congress is that they show their true colors—their real principles. On an honest showing of hands they are doomed to defeat in the country. Their only hope is to conceal their principles and dodge the main issues—and we trust our wide-awake leaders in congress to block that cowardly game effectually before the winter is out.

PATTERSON.



J. H. PATTERSON,
JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the Miner Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 13, 1875.

Railroad Time Tables.

McKEAN & BUFFALO R. R.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Accom.	Mail.
Clermont	8.20 a m	1.40 p m
Wernwag	8.26	1.48
Hamlin	8.56	2.00
Colegrove	9.00	2.05
Crosby	9.04	2.09
Smethport	9.24	2.25
Farmers Val.	9.30	2.40
Frisbees	9.40	2.50
Larrabees	9.50 a m	2.50 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.
Larrabees	11.26 a m	3.00 p m
Frisbees	11.30	3.03
Farmers Val.	11.50	3.17
Smethport	12.05 p m	3.20
Crosby	12.20	3.40
Colegrove	12.24	3.46
Hamlin	12.30	3 50 p m
Wernwag	12.42	
Clermont	12.54	

S. V. Godden, Supt.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'y

Going South.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Accom.	Express.
Buffalo	7.30 a m	3.05 a m	4.00 p m
Olean	10.25	4.15 p m	7.10
Eldred	11.11		7.45
Larabees	11.20		7.53
P't Allegany	11.43		8.14
Emporium	12.40		9 15

Going North.

STATIONS.	Express.	Mail.	Accom.
Emporium	4 00 a m	1.40 p m	
P't Allegany	5.01	2.40	
Larabees	5 24	3 07	
Eldred	5.33	3.15	
Olean	6 21	4.03	6 40 a m
Buffalo	9 15	7 10	2.00 p m

H. L. LYMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
J. D. YEOMANS, Supt.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 22, 1875, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

Westward.

KANE ACCM. leaves Renovo 4 50 p. m.
" " " Driftwood 5 50 p. m.
" " " Emporium 6 55 p. m.
" " " St. Marys 7 55 p. m.
" " arr. at Kane 9 30 p. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11 55 p. m.
" " " Renovo 11 05 a. m.
" " " Emporium 1 10 p. m.
" " " St. Marys 2 00 p. m.
" " arr. at Erie 7 50 p. m.

Eastward.

RENOVO ACCM. leaves Kane 8 00 a. m.
" " " St. Marys 9 43 a. m.
" " " Emporium 10 45 a. m.
" " " Driftwood 11 45 a. m.
" " " Renovo 1 05 p. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie 11 20 p. m.
" " " Kane 3 50 p. m.
" " " St. Marys 5 10 p m.
" " " Emporium 6 05 p. m.
" " " Renovo 8 25 p m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia 6 50 a. m.

Renovo Accm. and Kane Accm. connect east and west at Erie with Low Grade Division and B N Y & P. R. R.

Wm. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Supt.

J. B. BERGSTRESSER,

National Photograph AND Copying Gallery,

Smethport, Pa.

All kinds of Pictures taken—in clear and cloudy weather. S. L. BERGSTRESSER, the Agent and Operator at this Gallery, has had 20 years experience in the photograph business, and will warrant satisfaction to all who give him a call.

Copying and Enlarging

and enlarging of pictures made a specialty.

ROOMS IN CHADWICKS BUILDING.

The rooms will only be kept open as long as business continues good, therefore persons wishing wor done should call soon.

J. G. EATON,

DEALER IN

Heavy & Shelf Hardware,
OILS, PAINTS,
GLASS, PUTTY,
TIN & WOODEN WARE,

New Store,

Mechanic St., 2 doors south of Water
12-35 SMETHPORT, PA.

T. MULLIN, Jr.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS, & SEGARS.

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

BARRETT BROTHERS,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, AND MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, AND HOUSE MOULDINGS.

Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, &c

Port Allegany, Pa.

New Goods

AT

LARRABEE'S!

Having thoroughly refitted and repaired the store formerly occupied by Geo. L. Sheldon, I am now prepared to offer one of the finest stock of goods in the county, at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

My Stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES.
CLOTHING,
HARDWARE,
DYE STUFFS &c.

IS COMPLETE.

I ALSO HAVE A FINE STOCK OF

MILLINERY GOODS,

and in fact every thing kept in a country store. My motto is

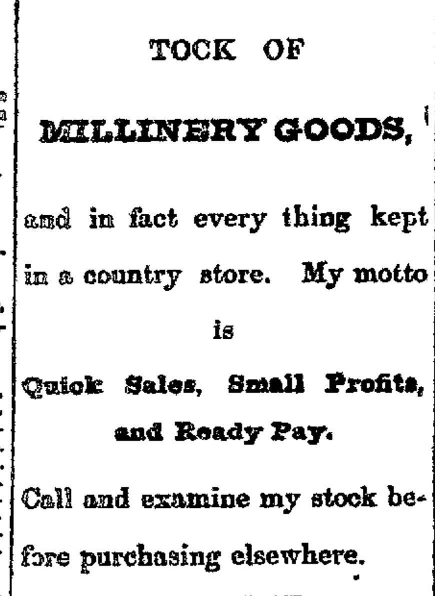
Quick Sales, Small Profits, and Ready Pay.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. C. Young.

Larrabees, June 2, 1875.

SMETHPORT



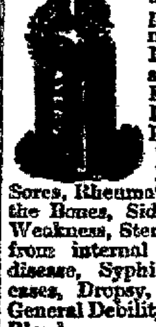
GRADED SCHOOL.

The Winter Term Commenced

Wed December 22, 1875

J. W. Hales, Principal.

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla



For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined, that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

Dealer in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, TOYS,

Also Agent for the



Ithaca Calendar Clock.

Latest Styles of PLATED JEWELRY
SPECTACLES & EYE GLASSES.
GENT'S SHIRT-STUDS, SLEEVE-BUTTONS, RINGS, &c
CHARMS of all Descriptions.
SILVER PLATED SPOONS,
KNIVES, FORKS, CASTORS, FRUIT AND CAKE BASKETS, BUTTER DISHES, &c.
All of which will be sold at bottom prices for Cash

Repairing of all kinds done and warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

Orders taken for any watch made.

SMETHPORT, PA.

LOOK!

NEW GOODS at A. N. TAYLOR'S!
NEW GOODS at A. N. TAYLOR'S!

Having just returned from the Eastern cities, where I have purchased FOR CASH the largest stock of goods of every description ever offered for sale in this county, and having purchased my goods at very much below their value, purpose dividing the profits with my customers. Always giving the best the market affords in Seasonable Dress Goods of the newest designs and of the best quality, at as low prices as can be found in Northern Pennsylvania.

WHITE GOODS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,
in new styles, of choice quality, and at low prices.
EMBROIDERIES OF EVERY NAME AND STYLE.
PRINTS Too numerous to mention, Warranted fast colors, for **8c per yd.**
Bleached Muslin, good yd. wide - - - 10c per yd.
16-Bone Corsets, for .75 | 200 reversible shawls, at $2
LADIES SUITS—MADE TO ORDER.
MOURNING GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY:
AUSTRALIAN CRAPES, BLACK ALPACAS, COBERGS, TAMISE & BIRETES CLOTHS, FINE BLACK, BROWN, BLUE & SLATE ALPACAS AT 2 SHILLINGS.
A GENUINE GROSGRAIN SILK FOR $1 50 PER YD.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLA.

Our Notion Department
is full to overflowing, as well as all others, which can readily be seen by taking a peep inside

Clothing Department
is full, including all the novelties of the season. We have All Wool, warranted
GENTLEMEN'S SUITS, FOR $8 50. GENTS FURNISHING GOODS in every variety and style. Also the largest stock of *HATS and CAPS in McKEAN COUNTY.*

An immense stock of
BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, TRUNKS, VALISES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, WILLOW WARE. CHROMO & OIL PAINTINGS. LADIES' HAND BASKETS, HATS, BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.

HARDWARE,

Including Nails, Iron, French, German, English and American Cutlery, Saws, Oils, Paints, Farming Tools, Fishing Tackling. Nails $4 per 100 pounds.

Canned and Dried Fruits, Flour, Pork, Hams, Lard, Trout, White Fish Mackerel, beside many articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the lowest rates.

A. N. TAYLOR.

AT
A. B. ARMSTRONG'S
LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY,

NO. 1, UNION BLOCK, SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND Medicines, and all other articles usually kept in first a class drugstore.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES
PAINTS, OILS, & DYE STUFFS,
SOAPS, SPONGES, BRUSHES, COMBS

Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils,

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY. WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL Selected assortment of American and French candies, Stationery, Envelopes, &c. ALL

SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES & LIQUORS, &c. &c.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.

A CARD TO CLOTHING BUYERS!

We respectfully announce that our FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF GOODS is now ready for inspection. We have purchased an unusually complete stock of

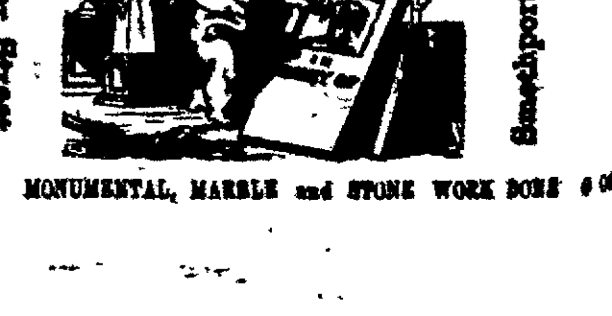
MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS,

and everything pertaining to a first-class Clothing Store, and propose to keep our already well earned reputation of being the leading Clothing House in this section. Come and see us,

M. LEVY & BRO.,
CLOTHING EMPORIUM.
Also stores at Hornellsville and Gowanda, N. Y. *OLEAN, N. Y.*

J. Digel's Marble Factory.

Water Street. Smethport, Pa.



ALL KINDS OF MONUMENTAL, MARBLE and STONE WORK DONE

The M'Kean Miner.

THURSDAY, DEC. 28, 1875.

Local and Miscellaneous.

No Paper Next Week.

The assistant editors, reporters, clerks, compositors, pressmen, and devil, of the Miner office have united in a petition to the editor-in-chief to issue no paper next week, so that they can have a brief opportunity to rest up, visit friends and enjoy the holidays like other folks. The petition was approved and the edict has gone forth that there will be no paper issued from this office next week. The jobbing and business departments of the office will not be closed.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

— Books of all kinds at McCoy & Reilly's.

— Diaries, memorandums, pocket-books, and blank books of all kinds at McCoy & Reilly's.

— McCoy & Reilly have some very neat and tasty writing desks, which would make a very acceptable present for a lady friend.

— The snow has gone, but it will return again, and then you will want one of those nice buffalo robes and string of bells at M. A. Sprague's.

— Don't forget the Catholic Total Abstinence Association dance at Wendel & Beckwith's Hall to-night. A good time is guaranteed.

— They now say that Tweed ran away not so much to escape jail as to get rid of his own clothes and save a little something for his old age.

— Have you seen those beautiful Albums at McCoy & Reilly's? Buy one for your girl, and then she won't have to carry your picture in her vest pocket.

— A. B. Armstrong has just put in one of the finest assortment of holiday books ever brought into Smethport. Many of them are got up in the highest style of printer's and book-binders arts.

If you want to make a present to a friend that is at the same time cheap, most acceptable and really valuable, let it be a good book. McCoy & Reilly have all the latest and most popular works by the best authors.

— The high water of a few day's past has been anything but a blessing to Mr. [illegible] Rogers. The boom above his mill was carried away yesterday morning, letting loose nearly all the logs he had in stock for his mill. It is an embarrassing loss.

— The Tuna Valley Bank Building, at Bradford, is nearly completed and ready for business. For reasons of our own we hope the establishment of this bank will have the effect to replenish the Treasury of the borough of Bradford.

We observe that prayers are requested at Moody and Sankey's meeting for a number of hardened sinners, and are preparing a list of some of our inveterate delinquent subscribers to send on, as they seem to be beyond all human influences.

The attendance at Miss Tretton's readings was about average. We were unable to attend, but understand that the readings and singing by Mrs. H. & D. B. Hamlin and Messrs. Rogers, Mccoy and Prof. McCollin was of the first order and well received.

Personal.—Fitz Henry Arnold, Enoch Dolly, Doctor Gallry and other distinguished citizens of Port Allegany were in Buffalo this week at United States Hotel. These gentlemen were buying carpets, chandeliers, &c., as Christmas presents for the new Union Church building at their place.—New Era.

Hughes thinks the President's Message is "rather commendable," which fact we telegraphed to Grant as soon as we read last week's Reporter. In reply Hiram wrote to us thanking us for our forethought, and saying that our kind telegram saved him from a great deal of uneasiness.

— To walk through the avenues laid out in each of the regular centennial buildings at Philadelphia is a little trip of just fifty-two miles. If you wish to inspect both sides of each avenue, or passage-way, you must walk one hundred and four miles. Ladies from a distance who expect to do the exhibition in one day will see the advisability of an early start and—of leaving the baby at home.

— If the President hadn't dismissed Lawyer Henderson what a howl there would have been about a want of dignity in the White House. Now that he has dismissed him, what a howl there is about interference. The Attorney General is about right; when it comes to wantonly insulting the Chief Executive in court, the Government isn't "paying for any further services in that line."—N. Y. Commercial.

— Jim Fiske lived a life of dissipation and sin, to many attractive and to the young demoralizing in influence. He was murdered and sent to his last account with all his sins full-blown upon him. His murderer is in prison, a broken down, half-demented wreck of a man. A week ago his father, borne down by grief, died, following to the grave a son who had also pined away under the family dishonor. The scene has changed for the murderer since that eventful January Saturday in 1872. There is a way that seemeth unto men right and pleasant, but the end thereof is death. And still the lesson never will be learned, for we presume the annals of crime will always declare that "All our yesterdays have lighted fools the way to dusty death." It don't pay, boys; it don't pay!—Ex.

Lost, Borrowed or Stolen.

The editor of this paper has missed from his extensive and valuable private library a number of books that he would rather not lose. They were probably borrowed, but we did not intend to give them away when we lent them, and would earnestly request whoever has them to return them without delay.

P. S.—N. B.—The editor of this paper lends no more books.

Scorched.

The office of the Buffalo Express was almost totally destroyed by fire last Sunday morning. A half sheet was issued Monday morning, and in a few days the paper will be a full grown and lively Phoenix arising from its ashes. Neither fires, panics, or libel suits seem to interfere with the regular publication of these enterprising city dailies. The Express people have our sympathies in their temporary embarrassment.

Port Allegany Items.

Thos. McDowell met with quite an accident on Saturday last, by falling on a slippery walk and breaking his wrist. Tom. is so active from habit that he will not find confinement acceptable.

Considerable excitement has recently been aroused in the Grimes School District from the fact that certain inhabitants protest against the use of the school house for any other than school purposes, claiming that the house and furniture has been needlessly damaged. The board of Directors have considered the question and passed a resolution to the effect that the school house of the township should continue to be open to those desirous of holding religious services on the First Day of the week commonly called Sunday, during daylight hours, but not during week days or evenings. Key to house to be promptly returned to Teacher or proper authorities immediately after the conclusion of services.

Court Notes and Doings.

— Judge Williams presides, with his usual dignity, urbanity and impartiality.

— The case of Commonwealth vs D. V. Crossmire was continued, and set down for Monday, the first day of next term, at 2 p. m.

— The attendance at Court is not very large. The times are too hard to admit of the attendance of only those who are necessarily present.

— The Clermont murder case will not come off this term. The grand jury presented a true bill against Mrs. McCaubl for murder. Her trial will probably take place next term.

— A prominent lawyer from a neighboring county does not seem impressed with the probable dignity and lustre that our new district attorney will add to the office. He should not always judge from appearances.

— Viewers were appointed at this term of court to report upon a change of line between Smethport and Keating School districts, a bridge across potatoe creek near Adam Brockham's, and to inspect the new bridge across the Allegany river, at Eldred.

— In the case of Commonwealth vs. John Reilly John was found not guilty, but the Jury thought he had better pay the costs, and perhaps he would handle those long arms less carelessly hereafter.

The Prothonotaryship.

It probably has not yet passed entirely from the public mind that we had a spirited political contest last fall, especially between the two candidates for the office of Prothonotary, and that upon counting the ballots it was found that both Sartwell and Chadwick had each the same number of votes. It was a tie, and neither could take a certificate of election.

After election it transpired that there were some illegal votes cast in this borough, and that the election in Annin township was illegally conducted, in that the polls were not open at the proper time. Mr. Sartwell therefore went to work to obtain sufficient evidence upon which to base a contest. He was more successful than he had anticipated. It was shown in evidence that there were two illegal votes cast for Chadwick in Smethport borough, and that in Annin township two men who would have voted for Sartwell were prevented from doing so because of the polls not being opened until one o'clock in the afternoon. Upon the examination of the evidence, the Judge decided that C. K. Sartwell was entitled to the certificate of election.

Personal.

— Gen. Sherman says he approves of the whole message.

— Alfred has an assistant knight of the razor and shears this week.

— Hon. W. W. Brown, of Corry, is here this week for the double purpose of visiting old friends and attending court. Wallace seems to thrive under the weight of Legislative honors.

— Our peripatetic friends Hughes, of the Reporter, and District Attorney-elect Cotter, both favored us with a call this week. As each came on separate days, we yet survive.

— Hon. J. R. Clark, of Warren county, called upon us Wednesday. "June" is one of the occasional visitors to our borough who always meet with a warm reception.

— W. A. Williams has been suffering severely for a few weeks with one of Job's comforters on the back of his neck. He was only able to attend court part of the time this week.

— J. K. Haffey, the ubiquitous, irrepressible, indefatigable, unquenchable, and nevertiring editor of the Bradford New Era, was in town a day or two this week. He was as usual full and boiling over with business, and found just time to stick his handsome countenance into our office, and say that the "New Era was all right." Glad to hear it.

New Office.

We have been shown by the architect, S. A. Bishop, the plan of a new law office, which B. D. Hamlin & Son propose to build the coming season. It is to be one story in height, which fact made it a difficult task to draw a plan that would combine both utility and taste. But Mr. Bishop succeeded admirably in overcoming all difficulties, and if the building when erected will look as well as it does on paper it will be a decided ornament to the town. It will be built of brick, containing two rooms, one large general office and a small private office. There will also be a secure and roomy vault for the safekeeping of the mass of valuable papers that are rapidly accumulating in their extensive business. The building of this office has become a necessity as the present quarters of this popular law firm are altogether to contracted.

Smethport Lyceum.

In pursuance of a call published last week, a few of the more enthusiastic of our literatti assembled in the Court Room last Saturday evening and organized a literary association by electing the following officers:

President—G. M. Smith.
Secretary—H. F. Barbour.
Treasurer—Mrs H. King.

These present subscribed their names and enlisted for the campaign. It was decided to hold the next meeting on Tuesday evening the 28th inst. After some deliberation, the President announced the following programme for the next meeting:

Select Reading—Bela Sartwell.
Essay—Mrs. Thos. King.
Declamation—Cora Backus.
Five minutes speeches— {H. Stanley. F. Hezes.}

Discussion of the following question:

Resolved; That the taxation of Church property is both expedient and right.

Affirmative, H. F. Barbour. Negative, J. W. Kaler.

A Committee was appointed to report Constitution and By Laws and a suitable name for the association at the next meeting.

The machinery of the Lyceum being now in good running order, we hope all those in this place and vicinity who think they can improve themselves or any one else by joining and taking an active part in the literary exercises of the association will do so. To Mrs. H. King is due the entire credit of the reorganization of the Lyceum this season, and it is the intention of those who have already joined, that her efforts shall not be in vain. They ask the assistance of others.

That Bribery Case.

Tim. Mullin, Jr., of Port Allegany, now ranks with the rest of the great Democratic reformers of the day. He was foolish enough to get very wrathy at Enoch Dolley, Fitz Henry Arnold, and Thos. McDowell, all of whom had befriended him more times than he could calculate, and his wrath must be appeased in some way. It will be remembered that these gentlemen worked and voted against the Democratic candidate for Sheriff at the last election, and were successful in their efforts to defeat him.—Tim. took it for granted, (looking out of Democratic eyes) that success at the polls meant bribery and ballot-box stuffing.

He therefore, straightway and forthwith, with fire in his eyes, had them arrested on the criminal charge of bribery of electors. They gave bail for their appearance at court, and were on hand Tuesday. The Grand Jury were to act upon the case yesterday, but in the meantime Tim. began to get his eyes opened, to find out that he was winning no friends or fame by his foolish course, and that the likelihood of proving his charges and winning his case was growing smaller every hour. He therefore concluded to eat humble pie, and beg the pardon of the defendants, and let the thing drop. They were disposed to let the affair go to an issue, but for the sake of peace finally concluded to accede to the wishes of the valiant prosecutor, and thus ended the great bribery case. We are of the opinion that Tim. was really not so much to blame as some others who urged him on and then left him to bear the brunt of the affair.

Gone to meet Bill Tweed.

On Monday a prisoner, under charge of Deputy Sheriff T. V. Powell, was allowed to search for bail, and found it—but it was leg-bail. It was quite dark at the time, and watching his opportunity, when Powell's attention was called in another direction, he made a desperate leap for freedom—and won. He has joined the ever-swelling company of fugitives from justice.

The Olean Pipe Line.

For the following complete and well written account of the Olean Pipe Line, from Bradford to Olean, we are indebted to the Olean Times:

The distance from Olean to Bradford by the route of the Pipe Line, is eighteen and one-fourth miles. The main pumping station is situated on the Beardsley farm, two miles south of the village of Limestone, and four miles north of Bradford. Here is located the 1,200 barrel receiving tank, the great Blake pump, stationary boiler, &c.—From this point to the shipping tank on Academy Hill, Olean, the distance is fourteen and one-fourth miles, in an east, and north-east direction. The line first follows up the State Line Brook, and crossing the head of the Harrisburg branch of Foster Brook, strikes the old Kittanning road at the head of Four Mile and Knapp's Creeks, when the general line of the road is followed to Wild-Cat Hollow, down which the line passes to and across the Allegany River, and thence through the western part of town to Academy Hill.

With the exception of road crossings, and a short trench on the summit of a hill, the entire line is laid on the surface of the ground. The point of greatest altitude is the divide between Foster Brook, and Knapp's and Four Mile Creeks, which is nine hundred and sixty-eight feet above the ground level at the pump. This is more than double the elevation encountered and overcome by any other Pipe Line in the country, and greater, in all probability, than any future company will be obliged to surmount.

After reaching the summit, for the next six miles the route is comparatively level, the fall to the eastward being but ten feet per mile. In the next two miles the fall is rapid and uniform at 280 feet per mile, while in the half mile which brings the line to the River bed, the fall is 380 feet, making it but eight feet higher than the pumping station. From the river bed to the top of the Reservoir is ninety feet. The Reservoir bottom is forty feet above the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. track.

The Company have already laid some seven and one-half miles of Local Supply lines, as follows. Bradford Local of four miles, Foster Local two and one-half miles, and about a mile short lines connecting various wells with the Bradford or Foster Locals. Three "D" Blake pumps having twelve inch steam and three and one-half inch oil cylinders are located respectively at the Jackson & Walker No. 1, Crocker's wells, and Olmstead's wells, and by suction and force send to the main pump oil from the following wells: Jackson & Walker No. 1, and 2, Lewis; Fagundus No. 2; all of Crocker's; and Olmstead No. 1, Wilcox & Taylor No. 1, and Butts No. 1.

All of the piping in use is two inch line pipe tested at a hydraulic pressure of 1,200 lbs per square inch. It cost the Company 85 cts. per foot laid down. But little trouble has been experienced from leakages, and the arrangement of check valves at different points is such that should a break occur at any time the loss of oil would be comparatively small. To fill the pipe requires about fifty barrels of oil. The present supply received from the wells is about one hundred barrels daily. The main pump working at average speed, delivers here at the rate of about thirty-five barrels an hour. Notwithstanding the natural heaviness and transient viscidity of the oil consequent upon cold weather a steam pressure of 85 lbs and an oil pressure of 700 lbs. per square inch is amply sufficient to deliver 1,000 bls. each twenty-four hours, were it necessary to run the pump all the time.

The total cost of the line, including twenty-two miles of pipe, one main and three local pumps, boilers, station houses, tanks, land, right of way, &c, is already $50,000. Two wooden tanks of 1,200 barrels capacity each, are each about half filled with oil. The iron for the 12,000 bbl. tank is on the ground. This monster tank will be 54 feet in diameter by 24 feet in height.

When oil was first discovered at Bradford and the first consignment ready for shipment, the Erie Railway "encouraged" the producers by charging them $140 per car to New York, with $8 additional charges for storage &c. When the Pipe Line was talked of, the rate was lowered to $100 and $8; soon as work began there was a further fall of $10, and now that the line is in successful operation the rate is $60 and $8, or a decrease of 75 per cent.

The following are the charges of the Pipe Line and connecting Railway Companies:

Bradford district to New York, per barrel, ... $1 60
Bradford district to Morristown, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, ... [illegible]
Bradford district to Olean, ... 20

Producers will be given their certificates within twenty-four hours after receipt of the oil from the well. Oil is received by the Pipe Line for shipment only, and not for storage, but if from inability to obtain shipping facilities storage is required, the oil will be allowed to remain in tank from fifteen to thirty days but it is explicitly understood that this is a matter of accommodation and not of obligation.

The Olean Pipe Line is owned by the Empire Transportation Co. of Philadelphia, J. H. Dilks, Esq, formerly Superintendent of the Union Pipe Lines, is manager and J. C. Chambers, agent. Both gentlemen have had abundant experience in the business and to Mr. Dilks, more than any one else belongs the credit due for the bold design and successful completion of this the excelsior of all Pipe Lines. In the face of strong ridicule, and against all precedent he undertook this work, with obstacles of double the magnitude ever before encountered, and by careful study, tact and perseverance, has accomplished not only all that he anticipated and guaranteed, but has nobly paved the way for still greater undertakings in the new era and business of pipe line transportation.

Correspondence.

Smethport, Dec. 20. 1875.

Ed. Miner:—A short trip made to Corry last week may interest you: Arriving at Larrabees via the M'Kean & B. R. R. and having three hours to spare I dropped in on D. C. Young, whom I found "chock full" with new goods. Larrabees being remarkable for nothing in particular I was not sorry to be moving on towards Emporium, at which place I put myself very soon outside of a good square meal at the Shives House, though my corpulent friend Mr. B., preferred oyster stew at a neighboring restaurant. On a ramble about town found Geo. Metzger, the same "bully boy with a glass in his eye" as ever, and judging from his and his partners counters conclude they are able to BUY nice things whether they sell them or not. W. D. Gillup was out in the woods, having turned hunter PRO TEM. Sam. Hyde I found at the Court House, swearing and—taking evidence. Almost every other building in Emporium is a store and the merchants complains of busines being dull; no wonder. Emporium, since the fires, resemble the tail end of a tad-pole—the biggest half gone.

I next landed in Kane and partook of the hospitality of the Thompson House, more commonly known as the "Big Hotel." The Railroad company at this point have just completed a new brick depot on the same site where a former one was burned two years ago. It is a nobby affair and will be much more so when occupied by station agent Loy, which I learn will be soon. Messrs. Coleman, Davis & James and W. T. Callar, merchants, though complaining of dull times, appear to be doing a thriving trade; the great overland mail three times a week from Smethport perhaps has something to do with it. The numberless piles of lumber standing in the mill yards, and the long lines of empty cars on the side tracks from Kane to Corry is conclusive evidence of the dullness of business and shows clearly that other places can justly complain of hard times as well as Smethport.

While at Corry I called on the law firm of Crosby & Brown, who occupy a suite of rooms near the depot fitted up in first class style. Mr. Brown was formerly a citizen of this Borough, and is now one of the first lawyers in Corry; also the Representative of Erie County in the State Legislature, and intends with his family to spend the present winter at Harrisburg.—Wallace made particular enquiries as to whether a side walk was built from this boro to the depot, he may have thought that legislation was necessary to secure it. I think so myself. Fires are becoming quite common in Corry, as the city declines to pay the demands of the fire companies, four out of the five have disbanded themselves. So much for volunteer companies. Wallace's brother Isaac, also well known here, lives in Corry too, and is extensively engaged in the insurance business.

The early express train on the A. & G. W. from Corry enabled me to eat breakfast with Mart Moore in Olean. The young men of Olean have recently organized a Young Mens Social Club which is likely to meet with good results. A new brick hotel has been built near the B. N. Y. & P. depot which is to be opened on or about the first of January, 1876. Nearly all the new brick stores built on the west side of Main street are now occupied. Returning home by the B. N. Y. & P. R. R., I accepted the kind invitation of Messenger Daniels, to a seat in the express car as far as Larrabee station, from whence No. 2 on the M'Kean & B. brought me back to Smethport by noon of the third day out. In conclusion I will say that our railroad and depot will compare very favorably with all others on my route, with a ballance in our favor, if anything.

Yours humbly, &c., R. R.

OFFICE OF M'KEAN & BUFFALO R. R. Co
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 20, 1875.

☞ Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the McKean & Buffalo Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Smethport, on Monday the 10th day of January, 1876, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at which time and place the election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held.

JNO. F. McPHERSON, Secretary.

Vinegar.

Go to Geo. Chamberlain's, at Olean, to buy the best cider vinegar, by the barrel, or in less quantities. t-3t

A FEW FACTS DEMONSTRATED BY FIGURES. — If a produce dealer bought a farmers crops last year; say his oats at 60 cts, his butter at 40 cts. and his wool at 60 cts., and because he failed during the year to get an advance on those prices to satisfy his rapacity, he holds them until this year when the prices ruling are 40 cts. for oats, 25 cts. for butter and 35cts. for wool. Is any one going to buy of him at these prices because he proposes to sell them at cost? Not much! If a broker during the rebellion had paid as he must at one time, $2 72 for a gold dollar and held it from year to year because he could not get a profit on that price, would he not be laughed at to-day for even supposing any one wo'd pay him cost for his dollar when it is only worth $1 14? These same incontrovertible facts are just as applicable to merchandising, and yet we often see great spread notices of selling off at cost for 60 days, just as though they thought the people would consider it a privilege to buy at cost, though their old antiquities cost from 25 to 100 per cent more than fresh new styles of goods bought and sold at the present market value. But this cost dodge can no longer deceive the people; they have learned to go for their goods where merchandising is done on the Young American plan, where goods are sold at a profit, where few goods remain over 60 days, where new goods are received daily, and sold daily in such quantities that the discount on the purchases are the main profit relied upon, where all goods are marked in plain figures, where there is no deviation in prices, where the poor man's one dollar buys as much proportionately as the rich man's ten dollars, where goods have found to have declined in market since last weeks purchases they are marked squarely down to present values and sold, where the people delight to go and buy their dry goods, shawls, cloakings, furs, hats, caps, boots, feathers, fancy goods, holiday goods, in fact all goods useful and ornamental. Enquire for this place of all places to buy good goods cheap, and any one will tell you it is at R. O. SMITH'S, & Co., Olean, N. Y.

The Old Story.

"Billious weak, nervous, stomach disordered—could not rest nights, etc" Well, let us see how he got out of it. He didn't make himself disagreeable and spend all his time telling people how bad he was, and that he had no faith in medicines. Oh no! he meant BUSINESS. He went to the store and got a "bottle or two" and here is what he says:

LAONA, N. Y. July 23, 1872.

During the past spring I became billious, nervous, weak, stomach disordered, could not rest nights, and felt constantly oppressed by a sense of imaginary danger. I was incapacitated for business and tried several bottles of various patent medicines said to relieve such symptoms, but all to no purpose. I finally procured a bottle of Dr. Fenner's Blood and liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic. I thought I only needed blood cleansing and liver medicine, but I knew my nerves were unstrung and needed toning up. This powerful medicine stirred me up, and by the time it was half gone I thought I felt WORSE. But I persevered and by the time it was all gone, I was decidedly better. Another bottle completed the cure, and I have been well and strong since. I was so bad that I could not feel better till the work of cleansing and restoring had gone on some days. This remedy was so active that I felt poorly the first few days while the work of cleansing was going on, till the most of it was accomplished, then my improvement was rapid and permanent. If I had stopped after taking the first half bottle and said the remedy did me no good, because I felt stirred up by it, it would have been a great calamity to me and an injustice to what I consider to be the best remedy ever put before the people. I don't know what would have become of me without it.

EDGAR COLSON.

After reading this truthful recital will any perversely irreconcilable invalid still refuse to believe and insist on keeping himself sick?

For sale at A. B. Armstrong & Co., Smethport, Pa.

Coal.

Orders left at the drugstore of McCoy & Reilly for hard or soft coal in large or small quantities will receive prompt attention, as Mr. Trumbower has taken up winter quarters up town.

Application.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature at its next meeting, to repeal the Act entitled "An Act appointing Commissioners to lay out a State road from Kane to Lafayette in McKean County," approved the 18th day of December, A. D. 1873.

L. B. HOFFMAN, and others.

Dec. 6, 1875.

Notice.

In re. Estate of T C LEONARD and DEC'D. } In Orphans Court of McKean Co.

Notice upon petition of F. H. Lewis for specific performance of contract for sale of land, the said Court, on the 27th day of September, 1875, appointed the first day of December Term, 1875, of said Court for hearing upon said petition.

WILLIAMS & KING, Att'ys for Petitioners.

Dec. 8, 1875.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE

SMETHPORT, PA.

The following List comprises some of the many articles constantly on hand:

Adzes, Axes, Augurs, Augur Bits, Awls, Axle clips, Axle grease, Apple pearers, Barn door hinges, Barn door rails, Barn door rollers, Base knobs, Bath brick, Bed casters, Bolt cords, Beef pounders, Bells, Bench hooks, Bench screws, Bevels, Bits, Blacking, Blind butts, Blind staples, Bolts, all kinds, Boot jacks, Borax, Boring machines, Brushes, Buckets, Bull rings, Butts, all kinds, Candle sticks, Cake turners, Calipers, Caps, percussion, Carpet stretchers, Cartridges, Castors, catches,

Cattle leaders, Chain, all kinds, Chalk lines, Chalk, Crayons, Chisels, all kinds, Clamps, Cleavers, Clothes lines, Clothes wringers, Coal hods, Coffee mills, Corn cutters, Corn poppers, Crow bars, Curry combs, Curtain pins, Cutlery, Dippers, Dividers, Dog collars, Draw shaves, Egg beaters, Expansive bits, Faucets, Felloe plates, Files, Fluting machines, Forks all kinds, Freezers, Fry pans, Gate hinges, Gauges, Gimlets, Glazier's point, Glue, Glue pots, Grain sickles, Gridirons, Gunpowder,

Grindstones, Gun nipples, Hammers, Hand vises, Handles all kinds, Harps and staples, Hatchets, Hay knives, Hinges all kinds, Hoes, Hooks all kinds, Horse pokes, Horse rakes, Horse hoes, Iron all kinds—and Picking, waffle and tuyere, Kettles, Keys, Knives, Lamps, Lanterns, Levels, Locks, Mallets, Match safes, Measuring tapes, Meat cutters, Molasses gates, Mop sticks, Mouse traps, Mowing machines, Nails, Nuts, Oils, Oilers, Oil stones, Picks, Picture nails, Planes, Pulleys,

Primers, Plows, Rakes, Razors, Rivets, Ropes, Rules, Steelyards, Sand paper, Saw sets, Saws and blades, Scissors, Scoops, coal and grain, Screw drivers, Seeds, Scythes, Sheep shears, Shot, Shovels, Sieves, Spades, Spoons, Squares, Stoves, Tacks, Tea kettles, Tobacco boxes, Tea caddies, Tongs, Trowels, Tin ware, all kinds, Vices, Varnish, Wad cutters, Wrenches, Whiffletree hooks, White lead, Wrenches, Monkey, Wheel barrows &c, &c.

Also Agent for the reliable **Grover & Baker S. M. Co.** Call and see late improvements, &c., on this machine.



To Our Friends and the Public!

WE would respectfully and confidently invite your attention (not to the "LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY,") but to the

Side-Hill Drug Store,

where the

DRUG DEPARTMENT

is thoroughly assorted and extensively stocked. We trust the annexed will receive and repay careful perusal, our desire being to impart useful information, and to secure our share of the Public Patronage.

THE LADIES

Will find a large line of the **Very Latest Styles of Fancy Stationery**, and those of a "literary turn," however fastidious, cannot but be suited should they examine our large and complete line of

Miscellaneous including works of the best authors. In **School Books**,

we defy competition. Buying directly from the publishers, to supply our WHOLESALE TRADE, we get the VERY LARGEST DISCOUNT. Our stock of

CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, FANCY PIPES,

POCKET BOOKS, IMPORTED TOILET ARTICLES, &c.,

are sufficiently large to enable us to suit each and all in quality and price.

Trusting that by our untiring devotion and fidelity to the wishes and interests of our customers, we may succeed in enlarging and developing our business and pledging our best endeavors in behalf of our friends, and soliciting the patronage of those with whom we have not yet had the pleasure of a business acquaintance.

We remain faithfully yours,

McCoy & Reilly.

Fresh Arrival

OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

FOR

FALL & WINTER

At SAM. GUNZBERG'S.

WE have determined to make LOW PRICES LOWER. Our salesroom is filled with all the newest patterns and the best makes of the season. We have the most elegant

OVERCOATS

to be found, and of which we will make a specialty this year. Also a fine assorted

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, VALISES, &C

Buying only in large quantities, to supply

Three Large Stores,

we are enabled to give you great inducements in prices. We offer a fine selection of

Youths, Boys & Childrens Clothing.

☞ All we ask is to call and examine our goods and weigh the extraordinary advantages we offer, and you will leave convinced that it is the best place to buy your good.

Herman Cohn, Manager.

26—1y

J. G. PELTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

OLEAN, N. Y.

The finest cloths for Gents' wear constantly on hand. Suits cut and made in the latest styles, at reasonable prices, and a perfect fit guaranteed. v18-n1

Hotel for Sale.

THE BENNETT HOUSE,

IN SMETHPORT, PA., is offered for sale. This Hotel is located at the County seat of McKean County, and is the best hotel property in the county. It will be sold at a reasonable price and upon easy terms. Any one wishing to purchase a Hotel property will do well to examine it. For any further information, call upon or address the [illegible]

WM. [illegible],

Smethport, April 8, 1874

Little Benny.

I had told him, Christmas morning,
As he sat upon my knee,
Holding fast his little stockings,
Stuff'd as full as full could be,
And attentive listening to me,
With a face demure and mild,
That old Santa Claus, who filled them,
Did not love a naughty child.

"But we'll be good, won't we, moder?"
And from off my lap he slid,
Digging deep among the goodies
In his crimson stocking hid,
While I turned me to my table,
Where a tempting goblet stood,
Brimming high with dainty egg-nog,
Sent me by a neighbor good.

But the kitten, there before me,
With his white paw, nothing loth,
Sat, by way of entertainment,
Slapping off the shining froth,
And in not the gentlest humor,
At the loss of such a treat,
I confess, I rather rudely
Thrust him out into the street.

Then, how Benny's blue eyes kindled!
Gathering up the precious store
He had been busily pouring
In his tiny pinafore,
With a generous look that shamed me,
Sprang he from the carpet bright,
Showing by his mien indignant,
All a baby's sense of right.

"Come back, Harney!" called he, loudly,
As he held his apron white—
"You shall have my candy wabbit!"
But the door was fastened tight,
So he stood abashed and silent,
In the center of the floor,
With defeated look alternate
Bent on me and on the door.

Then, as by some sudden impulse,
Quickly ran he to the fire,
And while eagerly his bright eyes
Watched the flames go high and higher,
In a brave, clear key he shouted,
Like some lordly little elf
"Santa Kaus, come down de chimney,
Make my moder 'have herself."

"I will be a good girl, Benny,"
Said I, feeling the reproof;
And straightway recalled poor Harney,
Mewing on the gallery roof.
Soon the anger was forgotten,
Laughter chased away the frown,
And they gamboled 'neath the live oaks,
Till the dusky night came down.

In my dim, fire-lighted chamber,
Harney purred beneath my chair,
And my play-worn boy beside me,
Knelt to say his evening prayer.
"God bless fader—God bless moder,
God bless sister"—then a pause,
And the sweet young lips devoutly
Murmured "God bless Santa Kaus."

He is sleeping—brown and silken
Lie the lashes, long and meek,
Like caressing, clinging shadows
On his plump and peachy cheek,
And I bend above him, weeping
Thankful tears—oh, Undefiled!
For a woman's crown of glory,
For the blessing of a child.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD

Domestic Hints.

POTATO CAKES.—Roast some potatoes in the oven, when done, skin and pound in a mortar with a small piece of butter warmed in a little milk, chop a shalot and a little parsley very finely, mix well with the potatoes, add pepper and salt, shape into cakes, egg and bread crumb them, and fry a light brown.

FRIED CAULIFLOWER.—Pick out all the green leaves from a cauliflower and cut off the stalk close. Put it, head downward, into a saucepan full of boiling, salted water. Do not overboil it. Drain it on a sieve, pick it out into small sprigs, and place them in a deep dish with plenty of vinegar, whole pepper, salt, and a few cloves. When they have laid about an hour in this, drain them, dip them in batter, and fry in hot lard to a golden color.

BREAKFAST ROLLS.—Mix half an ounce of sifted white sugar in two pounds of the finest flour; make a hole in the center, and put in about two tablespoonfuls of fresh yeast, mixed with a little water, let it stand all night; in the morning add the yolks of two eggs, a piece of butter the size of a walnut, and sufficient warm milk to make it of a right consistency, divide into rolls (about twelve or fourteen); bake half an hour in brick oven.

PREPARING PEARS.—Here is a good recipe for preparing pears for dessert: Take finest pears just ripe, just cover with water, simmer till tender, but not in the least broken; lift them out into cold water. Now measure the water you have simmered them in; to each half pint put one pound of sugar; boil up the syrup, then simmer the pears for five minutes; repeat this for three days, but allow ten minutes' simmering the last day; keep the pears in the syrup; the day before they are wanted remove from the syrup and dry in a very cool oven.

RICH PLUM CAKE.—Quarter peck finest flour, one pound of loaf sugar, three pounds of currants, one pound of raisins chopped, one-quarter ounce of mace and cloves, a grated nutmeg, peel of a lemon cut fine, half a pound of blanched almonds, beaten with rose or orange-flower water; mix thoroughly, then melt two pounds of butter in rather more than a pint of cream, put to it twelve eggs, yolks and whites beaten apart, and half a pint of yeast; strain this into the dry ingredients, beat a full hour, butter your hoop, throw in plenty chips of citron, lemon and orange candy as you put in your batter; bake moderately quickly.

The Best Breed of Poultry.

The editor of the *Poultry World* sums up this question thus: We have bred nearly all kinds, first or last, and bringing it down to a fine thing we have found that, taking the year through, the Asiatics will lay as much in value on an average as any of our domestic varieties. For numbers of eggs the Leghorns will excel the others, perhaps, in a twelve-month. The French fowls lay a good sized egg, but not so many as either of the other varieties. The Dorkings crossed with the Brahmas give a good sized chicken the first year, and this makes an excellent farmer's fowl. But the crossings of the various Leghorns with the Brahmas and Cochins is one of the very best [illegible]eral use, where "fancy" breeding is not attempted. For this latter purpose it is hardly necessary to add that only pure bloods should ever be bred together of the one chosen variety.

Farm Work.

To produce a given amount of farm products from poor land requires a given amount of labor and other expense. To produce the same amount from land sufficiently well enriched requires only one-third of the same amount. Consequently the expense of labor is reduced, and as the demand is reduced by that great law of demand and supply, the price and labor must go down with it. But the benefit of the scheme does not stop here. The farm produce, when put in market, has cost its producer only one-third of its former expenses, so there is a gain of two-thirds of the price of the produce.

Barnum's Beasts and Birds.

As the sale of Barnum's beasts and birds at Bridgeport, Conn., the elephants sold as follows: Albert, to Smith, for $3,000; Betsey, to Stewart, for $4,500; Gypsey, to Smith, for $3,150; Prince, to Stewart, for $3,000; Queen, to same, for $3,000. Stewart bid off one dromedary at $250; the remaining six sold to Smith for $200 each. No bids on camels. The rhinoceros was struck down to Davis for $3,500. English stag bid off to Mr. Barnum for $21, for Seaside Park. The giraffe sold to Davis for $1,000. Smith bought one white bear for $625, and Mr. Davis the other at $575. The performing den—one lion, one lioness, a Brazilian tiger and a leopard—struck off to Davis for $2,500 for the lot. Smith took one ostrich at $300, Davis the other at the same price; water buffalo to Tanner at $60; yak to Davis at $35; three white deer to Stewart at $50 each.

Numerous other animals were offered, but not sold, including leopards, tigers, hyenas, elks, tapirs, llamas and kangaroos, two white bears, one to Smith at $650 and one to Davis, $500; three sea lions, one at $400 to Smith, two at $500 to Davis; gnu, or horned horse, to Tanner at $1,200, being the highest paid for any animal, save the elephants. Seventeen monkeys sold to Stewart for $150; twelve performing monkeys to Smith for $250; two performing goats, one to Cushing at $30. This is Alexis, for which Barnum paid Jarrett and Palmer $3,500. One four-horned goat to Smith at $30, eight English hounds, two reserved by request for General Custer, the rest sold at $7 each. King vulture to Tanner at $27. Ten cockatoos to Stewart at $10 50. Three rose cockatoos to Tanner at $4. Two white peacocks to J. Neale, $55. A lot of twenty-five small birds, with cage, to Tanner at $23. All the saddles and harness were sold to Miller, Morrison & Co., of New York. The great congress of nations' harness brought $1,000; it cost $10,000, sea lion cage to Smith for $300; sacred bull cage, to Stewart, for $500, giraffe cages—one to Smith, for $500, the other for $495. Barnum bought the baby hippopotamus for $25,000, the only animal bid for by him.

William B. Astor's Will.

Mr. William B. Astor has of course so left his property that it remains in the Astor family, and the bulk of it in the hands of two of his sons. His daughters, Mrs. Carey and Mrs. Delano, and his granddaughter, Mrs. Chanler, get only a life estate in what they receive, with the exception of a few houses and lots absolutely bequeathed. They each were rich before, and will be better able now than ever to keep the wolf from the door. His son, Henry Astor, who lives in Columbia county, was so well provided for before by his grandfather and great uncle, Henry Astor, that he gets a comparatively small slice. The residue of the real estate of old John Jacob Astor, in which William B. Astor had only a life estate, with power of appointment among his issue, is handed down to his sons, John Jacob and William, in equal shares, and in fee simple absolute; and William B. Astor's one-half of the personal estate of the old fur trader is also equally divided among the two favored boys. The rest of the estate of William B. Astor, in his own right, is trusteed for the benefit of John Jacob and William.

These provisions of the will, joined to the known purposes of the inheriting sons, will secure the continuance of the great Astor property in the possession of a few of the name. The sons are prudent and thrifty men, and they will see to it that when they come to hand it down, it shall not have failed to grow in value by reason of extravagance or too great liberality.

In addition to the $250,000 he gave during life to the Astor Library, Mr. Astor bequeaths it $200,000 now. Leaving out a few small legacies to charitable and religious societies, this is all of the great estate that in any wise goes to the public.

A Dentist's Fee.

The Brunswick (Me.) *Telegraph* says: Rev. J. C. Snow, in a sermon at Lewiston, gave the following instance among others of the comparative cost of articles now and several years ago: His mother, many years ago, went to a physician to have a tooth extracted, and, not having the money, paid him in eggs. Now it would require about two dozen eggs to pay for the removal of a tooth. His mother, however, paid him seventeen dozen eggs at three cents per dozen. Hard times for the toothache!

Stopping.

Sir John Bennett, the alderman and well known watchmaker in the city of London, delivered a lecture the other day, during which he made the following happy metaphor: "You can stop a clock at any moment," he said, "but you cannot stop a watch. So it is with the talk of men and of women. Man is a great ugly, coarse machine, but you can silence him. Woman is a beautiful, fragile, jeweled thing—but she will run on till she stops of herself."

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

What is Doing in the Old World and the New.

The Malayans are preparing to resist the English forces who are endeavoring to inflict punishment for the murder of Mr. Birch, the British resident at Perak. ...The Pennsylvania railroad company contemplates building a depot on the site of the navy yard at Philadelphia, recently purchased by that corporation. ...Sarah Conklin, aged fourteen years, was murdered in Rutland, N. Y., while passing through woods on her way from school. A young man named Bolar was arrested on suspicion. It is thought that he attempted to outrage the girl, failing in which he killed her with a blow on the head with a hammer, which was found in the vicinity. ...Many of the Pennsylvania collieries have been closed and the miners thrown out of work on account of the over-supply of coal. ...Failures are reported from all parts of the country. ...The Picton (N. S.) coal miners have had their wages reduced twelve and one-half per cent. ...Avery, another of the St. Louis whisky ring, has been found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the government. ...The New York State board of canvassers declare that Bigelow's plurality for secretary of state was 14,610.

Two Catholic priests and a woman were burned to death at Back river, near Montreal, Canada, by the burning of a hotel. ...The Turkish garrison in Goransko has been successfully relieved by Raouf Pasha. ...Trouble still continues between American residents and the Chinese, and insults are constantly offered to missionaries and ladies. ...China has about given up Formosa. ...Twenty miners were instantly killed and a number wounded by an explosion in the Powell Duffryn pit, near Tredegar, England. ...The Khedive of Egypt has ordered fifteen thousand men to march against the Abyssinians. ...The report of the comptroller of currency shows there was redeemed by the department from June, 1874, to November, 1875, the sum of $319,336,445. ...Gen. Babcock, President Grant's private secretary, has been indicted by the St. Louis grand jury for complicity in the whisky frauds. ...Wm. M. Tweed escaped from Warden Dunham and a deputy-sheriff while away from prison on a pleasure trip—such having been the discipline accorded to him during his confinement in Ludlow street jail, New York. From the story told by the officials, it seems the party drove about New York in a carriage Saturday afternoon, stopping at Tweed's house on Madison avenue about five o'clock. After sitting in the parlor a short time Tweed asked permission and went up stairs to see his wife. A few minutes later the Warden sent young Tweed to call his father, as it was time to return to prison. Young Tweed went up and immediately returned with the information that his father had escaped. The officers at once searched, and on finding that he had really escaped, sent the information all over the city and country. As Tweed's huge form was so well known, it would be impossible for him to travel by land, and the supposition is that he embarked on a sailing vessel for a foreign port. The sheriff, who is responsible for the custody of the prisoner, offers a reward of $10,000 for his recovery.

A terrible explosion occurred at the Swaithe main colliery, near Barnsley, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, England, by which one hundred and fifty men were killed and many seriously injured. There were three hundred miners at work at the time. The explosion was caused by careless blasting. ...There are at present eighty available ships in the United States navy, sixteen of which are ironclads. ...The *Mark Lane Express* says that the European wheat market is firmer, but there was no prospect of an advance until spring. ...The failure of William Spotten & Co., linen manufacturers, of Belfast, Ireland, is announced, their liabilities being placed at $1,500,000. ...It is reported that Egypt does not want to annex Abyssinia, but to secure safety against the violation of her frontier by Abyssinia. ...The governmental estimates for the next fiscal year are four and one-half millions more than for this year. ...Samuel Hibbard, of Delaware county, Pa., supported by his hired man named Sheridan, ordered three gunners off his grounds, and as they refused to go and used insulting language, Hibbard carried out his threat and shot one of the dogs, whereupon one of the gunners knocked down Hibbard with the butt of a gun and shot and killed Sheridan, after which the party ran away. Hibbard fired as they retreated and wounded one of them.

The North German Lloyd steamer Deutschland, from Bremen for New York, with one hundred and twenty-three passengers on board, grounded off the Thames, England, and was wrecked. Over fifty of the passengers and crew were drowned. The weather was extremely thick, and a heavy northeaster was blowing at the time. ...The Prussian government has formally summoned the archbishop of Cologne to resign. This is a preliminary to legal proceedings to depose him. ...China is preparing to send out foreign ministers. ...S. H. Conde & Sons knitting factory in Oswego, N. Y. was burned. Loss, $50,000, insurance, $45,000. ...The Arkansas legislature has passed a bill donating all the State lands in the counties in the northwestern part of the State for the building of a railroad from some point on the Atlantic and Pacific railroad in Mississippi, via Fayetteville, in that State, to a point on the Little Rock and Fort Smith railroad at or near Ozark. ...Mr. John L. Smith, ex-member of Congress from Ohio, has been appointed commissioner of Indian affairs.

Rawson Close, a furniture dealer of Norwich, N. Y., was burned to death in his barn. The fire is believed to have been of accidental origin. ...An explosion took place in a coal mine at Methley, near Leeds, England, and six men were killed. ...A number of persons have been arrested at Lebanon, Pa., for passing five and ten dollar counterfeit bills on the First National bank of Peru, Ill. ...Alexander Hart, a prominent American railway superintendent, has begun suit in Montreal for the recovery of seven million dollars' worth of real estate in Canada. ...Asa W. Kennedy, a well-known stock drover, arrived from Buffalo, N. Y., with $4,600, the proceeds of cattle sold, and was robbed of the entire amount on his way home, two miles west of Adrian, Mich. He was seriously injured by the highwaymen. ...Henry A. Mann, ex-county-treasurer of Saratoga county, N. Y., was arrested for over-issuing $113,000 of county bonds, and held to bail in the sum of $10,000. ...Colonel A. B. Woodruff, a Paterson (N. J.) lawyer, has instituted suit against that city for $10,000 for services performed, and for damages awarded to him in the opening of a new avenue. ...Gen. Babcock, secretary to President Grant, has been indicted by a grand jury for complicity in the St. Louis whisky frauds. ...The Carlist court martial has sentenced Gen. Saballs to four years' imprisonment. ...A confidential clerk of R. H. McDonald & Co., druggists of New York, proprietors of a widely-advertised patent medicine, disappeared with $40,000 of the firm's money, and also swindled a number of confiding friends.

The schooner Hopewell, from St. John for Harbor Main, N. F., struck on the Bacon Rock and immediately went to pieces. Only one man was saved, seven being drowned. The schooner Water Witch, on the same voyage, was wrecked the same night at Pouch Cove, and twelve, out of twenty-five persons on board, were drowned. ...Princes Bismarck and Gortschakoff have made an agreement for a peaceable solution of the Eastern question. ...Spain has sent another detachment of soldiers to Cuba. ...A beggar called at a New York saloon for something to eat, and one of the patrons held out a piece of bread, and then, mockingly, put it in his own mouth. Immediately afterward he was gasping for breath, and before medical assistance could arrive he died from suffocation—the piece of bread having completely stopped his trachea. ...Gen. Henderson, special government counsel in the prosecution of the St. Louis whisky ring, has been discharged from further service on account of disrespectful language toward the President in his speech before the court. ...William Delaney, who murdered Capt. Lowrance on Long Island sound last September, was hanged at North Hempstead, L. I. He exhibited brute courage to the last, and the night before the execution he spent in uttering profane exclamations and singing obscene songs. ...Advices have been received from Khokand that General Kauffman is receiving re-enforcements, which will continue to be sent him until he has an effective force of sixty thousand men. The insurgents still number twenty-five thousand.

Marriage Pro Tem.

It does not often happen that a couple are solidly, legally, effectually and forever married, without intending or knowing it. But this is what has happened to a Mr. Angel and the Widow Hunt, at Jackson, Mich. Both are of the advanced, philosophical sort. Both believe that a marriage should last only while it is perfectly agreeable to both parties. Both have "views." Both think that "the old and barbarous system of marriage holds woman in subjection to man, and requires her to surrender her individuality," which last, for our part, we have always thought to be the beauty of it. Angel & Hunt prefer limited copartnership. Each wishes to keep his or her heart. Each intends to remain "an individual." So they drew up a kind of marriage settlement of their souls upon themselves. "We submit," they say, "to the behests of the law so far as to make our union legal, and that we may avoid unnecessary annoyance. If the union and harmony that now exist between us should continue through our natural lives, then this contract is to remain in force; otherwise to be null and void. (Signed) A. A. Angel, E. Hunt." With this caveat in hand, they went before Judge Potts. "Do you," said Potts, "adhere to this contract? Are these your sentiments?" Then they said that they adhered, and Potts pronounced them married.

Potts was right. They are married solidly, legally, effectually, and forever. If Angel thinks that he is not, let him take up with another woman, and the officers of the law will give him a little information which will be more positive than agreeable. If Mrs. Elizabeth Angel thinks that she is still single, and not obliged to stand the Angelic nagging about breakfast and buttons, let her marry some other seraph, and find out the meaning of the word bigamy. The law is no fool, if we may use the expression. You cannot humbug the law with your documents and reservations and views and peculiar opinions. Your document is a dead letter. Potts did your business. He thought you might be a little crazy, but he married you in first-rate style, all the same. We publish these facts for the benefit of those who think that having views they can be married and unmarried at the same time that they may enjoy all the advantages of the honorable condition of matrimony, while they like it, and throw off its fetters when these become wearisome. According to all the law in the world, Mrs. Hunt that was is Mrs. Angel that is; and as for Angel himself he is in a married state, "with all the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging."—*New York Tribune.*

How Californians Get their Pork.

There is a district of country lying west of Bakersfield, Cal., and about twenty-five miles distant, which is the source of much exciting sport. It is low tule land stretching across the country a distance of fifty miles, and averaging from four to seven miles in width. As far back as fifteen years ago the hogs of settlers began to stray away into these tules and grow wild. This has been going on ever since, and they have bred until they are now found to be very numerous, and in a perfectly wild state. They are of all ages, from sucking pigs to venerable old patriarchs of perhaps a dozen years, and weighing from a few pounds to 600 and 700 weight. Of late years people began to hunt them, and it has grown quite a business. Parties of two or three go down there with their wagons, on which are covered pens, and stay two or three days. They carry their guns and six-shooters, and some use lassoes. The hunting is done with dogs. Having struck a trail, the dogs follow it up until they bring the game to bay, when the old males frequently assume the offensive, and fight with desperate and sometimes with terrible effect. The huntsmen are always on horseback, and, the game being finished, generally use their revolvers to bring it down. Some they capture with dogs and bring away alive, and sometimes they are lassoed and thus secured. With the large hogs, which the dogs cannot manage, harsher means are used, and they are shot down with six-shooters. Some parties have, in this way, sometimes secured as high as twenty-five hogs in one day, and a dozen is not an unusual catch.

The business is found to be quite profitable. The hogs are usually in good condition, and the flesh is good, though at rare intervals the flesh tastes a little fishy. They are of all colors, and are frequently found in bands of twenty-five and thirty.

If a man is found drunk in Vermont he is committed to jail and kept there until he reveals who supplied the liquor. Several are now lying in jail at Rutland because they refuse to tell. It is thought that they prefer to remain until after the cold snap.

England's Navy.

A recent squib of *Punch* represents Admiral Nelson as descending from his monument one morning and stepping into the admiralty office, expressing a desire to see a model ship of modern build. The obliging clerk hands him a list from which to choose. He selects one ship which had unfortunately been run ashore. He selects another whose boiler had burst. He finally settles down on the Vanguard, which the chagrined official tells him is sunk in the channel. Said the admiral, turning on his heel: "England has got a navy where she never had one before, and that is at the bottom of the sea!"

No Work.

In India, if ever there was a time for journalists to work hard, it was when the Prince of Wales entered their country. Nevertheless, the proprietor of a native paper in Bengal published the following notice just before the prince's arrival: "The present is an occasion when all our countrymen should cease to work, and participate themselves in the joys and festivities incidental to it. Accordingly we allow ourselves and our establishment leave of absence for a couple of weeks. During this short recess we wish our subscribers and constituents health and good luck."

M. Quad's new book, "Quad's Odds," is selling even better than the publishers anticipated. Quad is the funniest man that ever handled a pen.

At our request, Cragin & Co., Phila., Pa., have promised to send any of our readers, gratis (on receipt of 15 cents to pay postage), a sample of Dobbins' Electric Soap, to try. Send at once.

Symptoms of Catarrh.

Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers, the voice is changed and has a nasal twang, the breath is offensive, smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, mental depression, hacking cough, and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are, however, likely to be present in any one case. There is no disease more common than catarrh, and none less understood by physicians.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

is, beyond all comparison, the best preparation for catarrh ever discovered. Under the influence of its mild, soothing, and healing properties, the disease soon yields. The Golden Medical Discovery should be taken to correct the blood, which is always at fault, and to act specifically upon the diseased glands and lining membrane of the nose. The Catarrh Remedy should be applied warm with Dr. Pierce's nasal douche—the only instrument by which fluids can be perfectly injected to all the passages and chambers of the nose from which discharges proceed. These medicines are sold by druggists.—*Com.*

A FRIEND IN NEED.—*Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry* is a friend indeed. Who has not found it such in curing diseases of the lungs and throat, coughs, colds, and pulmonary affections? The sick are assured that the high standard of excellence on which its popularity is based, will always be maintained by the proprietors. 50 cents and $1 a bottle, large bottles much the cheaper.—*Com.*

Millions of bottles of Burnett's Cocoaine have been sold during the last twenty years, in every civilized country, and the public have rendered the verdict that it is the cheapest and best hair dressing in the world.—*Com.*

Persons who have become thoroughly chilled from any cause, may have their circulation at once restored by taking into the stomach a teaspoonful of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* mixed in a little cold water, well sweetened.—*Com.*

Every farmer who owns a good stock of horses, cattle and sheep, and intends to keep them through the winter, should get at once a good stock of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders. One dollar's worth will save at least a half ton of hay.—*Com.*

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

Will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed, it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for these stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain vegetables comprise all the virtues of calomel without its injurious tendencies, is now an admitted fact, rendered indisputable by scientific researches; and those who use the Mandrake Pills will be fully satisfied that the best medicines are those provided by nature in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These pills open the bowels and correct all bilious derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretion of bile is promoted by these pills, as will be seen by the altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for use accompany each box of pills.

Prepared only by J. H. SCHENCK & SON, at their principal office, corner Sixth and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks	09 @ 12½
Common to Good Texans	08 @ 09
Milch Cows	35 00 @60 00
Hogs—Live	07¾@ 07¾
Dressed	0 ¾@ 09¾
Sheep	05¾@ 0[illegible]
Lambs	06 @ 08
Cotton—Middling	13¾@ 13¾
Flour—Extra Western	5 50 @ 6 00
State Extra	5 55 @ 5 90
Wheat—Red Western	1 10 @ 1 20
No. 2 Spring	1 24 @ 1 25
	93 @ 94
Rye—State	1 00 @ 1 12
Barley—State	1 27½@ 1 27½
Barley—Malt	41 @ 49
Oats—Mixed Western	73½@ 75
Corn—Mixed Western	60 @ 1 10
Hay, per cwt	60 @ 1 16
Straw, per cwt	04 @ 07
Hops ....75's—13 @15 ... olds	21 87½@2[illegible] 00
Pork—Mess	13 @ 13
Lard	25 00 @26 00
Fish—Mackerel, No. 1, new	14 00 @16 00
" No. 2, new	4 75 @ 5 25
Dry Cod, per cwt	27 @ 30
Herring, Scaled, per box	Refined, 12½
Petroleum—Crude ....07 @07	26 @ 3[illegible]
Wool—California Fleece	26 @ 33
Texas "	45 @ 48
Australian "	24 @ 34
Butter—State	23 @ 32
Western Dairy	15 @ 22
Western Yellow	16 @ 18
Western Ordinary	26 @ 32
Pennsylvania Fine	07½@ 13¾
Cheese—State Factory	03 @ 07
State Skimmed	06½@ 12
Western	30 @ 30½
Eggs—State	

ALBANY.

Wheat	1 40 @ 1 45
Rye—State	88 @ 88
Corn—Mixed	66 @ 66
Barley—State	96 @ 96
Oats—State	44 @ 44

BUFFALO.

Flour	6 00 @ 8 00
Wheat—No. 1 Spring	1 34 @ 1 34
Corn—Mixed	60 @ 60
Oats	4[illegible] @ 43
Rye	82 @ 82
Barley	1 07 @ 1 07

BALTIMORE.

Cotton—Low Middlings	13¾@ 13¾
Flour—Extra	6 50 @ 6 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 35 @ 1 36
	65 @ 65
Rye	70 @ 70
Corn—Yellow	39 @ 41
Oats—Mixed	06½@ 06½
Petroleum	

PHILADELPHIA.

Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	6 25 @ 6 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 00 @ 1 18
Ry	69 @ 69
Corn—Yellow	72 @ 75
Mixed	71 @ 71
Oats—Mixed	41 @ 45
Petroleum—Crude ....10½@10½	Refined, 12½

A Fearful Case of Insanity.

A terrible tragedy took place at Arden, Ont., a few days since. The Rev. J. T. Clarke, the resident minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, betrayed symptoms of insanity, and obtained a promise from his friends that if he should go mad they would keep him at home and not send him to the asylum. On the day in question his wife was lying sick up stairs and he desired to go and see her. As she was very ill, and he much excited, Mr. Clarke's father resisted his son's attempt to ascend the stairway, and a struggle ensued in which the maniac kicked his father in the stomach and killed him. He then seized his little boy, aged two, and threw him down stairs, breaking his collar bone. By this time the neighbors had entered the house and secured the maniac.

Chapped hands, face, pimples, ringworm, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and rough skin made soft and smooth, by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.—*Com.*

SILVER TIPPED SHOES. From Maine to California millions of children are wearing SILVER TIPPED Shoes. Why not? they are the cheapest and never wear through at the toe. Also try Wire Quilted Soles.

CABLE SCREW WIRE. To convince you of the great popularity of the CABLE SCREW WIRE you need only see the base imitations and vain attempts to get up something similar. Also try Wire Quilted Soles.

Have you ever seen The illustrated catalogue of *The Excelsior Portable Printing Presses?* $5 Press now ready. Every man his own printer. A few dollars buys a press and type for printing cards, labels, envelopes, etc., at quarter printers' prices. Save money and increase business by advertising. Send two stamps for catalogue, to the M'f'rs, W. KELSEY & CO., Meriden, Conn.

A LIVE PAPER! Specimen free!! 8 numbers for 3ct. stamp!! Fireside Visitor, Sandusky, O.

20 FANCY CARDS, 7 Styles, with Name, 10c. post paid. J. B. HUSTED, Nassau, Rens. Co., N.Y.

$6 For Nothing. Agents Wanted Everywhere. Address J. KENNEDY & CO., Richmond, Ind.

ASTHMA and Catarrh Sure Cure. Trial free. Address W. K. Bellis, Indianapolis, Ind.

Books Exchanged. Furnish all new. Want old. Write. Name this paper. American Book Exchange, N. Y.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

WANTED AGENTS. Samples and Outfit free. Better than Gold. A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

$5 to $20 a day at home. Samples worth $1 sent free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$10 to $25 per day. Send for Chromo Catalogue. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, Boston, Mass.

$350 A Month.—Agents Wanted. 24 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Address J. BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

$20 Daily to Agents. 85 new articles and the best Family Paper in America, with two $5 Chromos, free. AMER. M'F'G CO., 302 Broadway, N. Y.

$25 PER WEEK to Male and Female Agents. Article New. Needed in every house. Address WRIGHT & LACEY, 755 Broadway, N. Y.

AGENTS 20 Elegant Oil Chromos, mounted, size 9x11, for $1. Novelties and Chromos of every description. National Chromo Co., Phila., Pa.

DIVORCES legally obtained for Incompatibility, etc.; residence unnecessary; fee after decree. Address P. O. Box 1037, Chicago, Ill.

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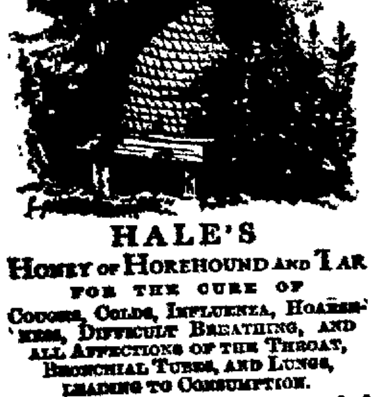
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